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MEXICAN FORCE MOVES AGAINST PERSHING'S LINE

Scouts of Punitive Expedition
Sight Two Carranza Divi-
sions on March.

FIGHT MAY BE PENDING

Further Advance by the First
Chief Likely to Mean
a Clash.

By H. H. STANSBURY.
(International News Service.)
El Paso, June 20.—Gen. Pershing has reported that his scouts have sighted two divisions of the Carranza army occupying in the direction of positions occupied by the punitive expedition.

One division is approaching the line of communication near El Vaale.
Another is moving westward in the direction of Namiquipa. The scouting party have halted and re-enforcements are being sent to strengthen their positions. Any further advance by either of the Mexican columns will be resisted by fighting, if necessary.

Lieut. Col. Cabell, chief of staff to Gen. Pershing, asking for an additional supply of provisions, has stated that open hostilities are inevitable.

The troops referred to by Gen. Pershing as scouts are two well-equipped cavalry brigades which have been deployed as an advance guard for such an emergency.

The Mexican expedition is estimated at 7,000 men. They mobilized at Villa Ahumada, on the Mexican Central Railroad, and began the advance from that point.

Plans Made for Clash.

In the event of a clash, Gen. Bell will move from El Paso to Juarez. He will cut the railroad at Villa Ahumada to prevent Trevino from sending re-enforcements.

The Pershing forces at Ascension and Corralitos will make a drive for Guadalupe and cut the Northwestern Railroad as soon as Gen. Bell crosses the river. This plan of campaign will completely bottle up the forces now in Juarez unless Gen. Serrano makes a hasty exit. It appears that the Mexican general has already received the tip.

Five long trains have been in readiness since early morning to start a movement southward. General Serrano denied that he was planning to evacuate. He said the trains were to take away civilians.

By order of the First Chief, all moving picture shows have been directed to throw from the screen from time to time the warning to arm against the Americans.

Through the efforts of British Vice Consul Scobel, at Chihuahua, a special car was sent to Parral two days ago. It was discovered today the party had not started when a code message from Manager Hawkins said he thought it imprudent to undertake the journey at this time.

Americans who reached the border today from Chihuahua are W. Brittingham, Harry Harris, F. R. Byrne, Charles Elmendorf, Henry Norwald, Henry Norwald, Jr., C. O'Callahan and Edward Milan.

Russians Pursue Austrian Forces

Semi-Official Reports State
Gen. Flanzer's Army Has
Been Cut.

(By the International News Service.)
London, June 19.—Important successes against the Teutonic armies on the north of the Austro-Hungarian front are reported in today's Russian war office announcement. These claims are denied in the official statement from Berlin, which asserts that the Russians have been thrown back at several points northwest of Lutsk, where the offensive is directed toward Kovel.

Meanwhile the Russians are undisputedly in hot pursuit of the Austrian army, which it forced out of Czernowitz. Petrograd is in possession of semi-official reports that Gen. Flanzer's army has been cut in two and is in full flight, one arm toward the Roumanian frontier and the other in the direction of the Carpathians.

The stiffest resistance to the Russian "push" is being encountered in the sector of which Brody forms an important center and in Volhynia along and to the west of Styr. Berlin claims the collapse with severe losses of the Russian assaults on Von Lindingen's army.

Sea Battle Heroes Honored.

London, June 20.—Official announcement was made today that Admiral Jellicoe has been promoted to be a knight of the grand cross of the Victorian Order, and Admiral Beatty a knight commander for their exploits in the sea battle with the Germans off Jutland.

Troops Side With Mob In Munich Food Riots

By ANDRE BEAUMONT.
(International News Service.)
Milan, June 20.—The Munich food riots are undoubtedly serious, since the King of Bavaria has been obliged to intervene and personally exhort his subjects to have patience a little longer. But what King Ludwig ignores is that the rioters clamored not only for bread, but for peace.
The mob, having become infuriated by the insulting behavior of some officials, attacked the police and as the soldiers took sides with the mob, they soon routed the police squads and became for the moment the masters of the situation.

SAYS HUSBAND POISONED HER

Forced to Drink Drugged
Wine at Revolver's Point,
Nurse Charges.

QUARREL OVER WIFE'S SON BY A PREVIOUS MARRIAGE

Mrs. Maurice Carpenter Declares
Spouse Also Fired Shot at Her
But Missed.

Mrs. Maurice Carpenter, a trained nurse, 35 years old, of 1111 Ninth street northwest, is lying on a bed at Emergency Hospital this morning suffering from what she claims is an enforced dose of morphine and atropine. She declares her husband put the poison in a bottle of wine, and then forced her to drink a glass of it at the point of a revolver.

Carpenter, an employee of the Gleason Point steel plant, was arrested last night at his house by Policeman Thomas Quinlan, of the Second precinct, to be held for investigation. He was intoxicated, the police say. The police say he wanted to know what his wife was doing in the hospital.

Mrs. Carpenter has a 10-year-old son by a former marriage, and it is said that the couple had quarreled over the boy. A note found in the woman's clothing at the hospital was turned over to the police.

"This is to certify that I intend to kill either my wife or the stepchild that has been wished on me," it read, and was signed "Maurice Carpenter."

She says her husband gave her this note just before forcing her to drink the poisoned wine.

When Mrs. Carpenter had been brought back to consciousness at the hospital last night she told the police that her husband came home yesterday under the influence of liquor. She said she begged him not to go out again, but he refused to listen. Later, she says, he returned with a bottle of wine, which he put in a closet.

About 4 o'clock yesterday afternoon, according to the woman, Carpenter brought the bottle in the dining room and poured out a glass which he commanded her to drink. When she told him she didn't want it, she says he drew a .38 caliber revolver and pointed it at her. "Drink it," she says he commanded, "or I'll blow your brains out."

The woman obeyed. A few minutes later she felt herself growing ill. By her son she sent word to neighbors, who summoned an ambulance.

Mrs. Carpenter says she kept the drugs she was forced to take in a medicine cabinet. Some of the wine still remains in the bottle, which is in the possession of the police, and will be tested today.

Monday morning, the wife charges, he fired a shot at her as a result of some words over her child. The bullet, she said, had lodged in the wall of her bedroom. The police found it there when they went to investigate the case last night. Carpenter, the police say, admits firing the shot, but says he merely did it to frighten his wife.

IRISH REBELLION STILL ACTIVE, CIPHER STATES

(By the International News Service.)
New York, June 20.—What is believed in this city to be a renewal of the rebellion in Ireland is described in cipher dispatches received late today from Dublin. One message coming to an Irish leader of this city from friends in Ireland says:

"A number of riots are taking place between the Sinn Feiners, the Irish volunteers, citizens, republican army, and the British forces. A great many arrests have been made and a large number of Sinn Feiners and members of the populace have been wounded and removed to hospitals during the past forty-eight hours."

"A number of the County Cavan revolutionists have been arrested and deported to English detention camps to await trial. Martial law is still being enforced and with increased severity."

Aero Hits Russian Destroyer.

Berlin (via Sayville wireless), June 20.—The German admiralty reports that a German naval aeroplane, flying over Riga Bay, off Arenburg, bombarded two Russian destroyers, hitting one.

6650 Seashore Excursions.
Baltimore and Ohio every Friday and Saturday, June 9 to Sept. 9.—Adv.

NO WAR UNLESS TROOPS PUSH ON, SAYS CARRANZA

(By Sun News Service.)
El Paso, Tex., June 20.—"There will be no war between the United States and Mexico, unless the United States sends further punitive expeditions into Mexico."
This is a declaration attributed to Venustiano Carranza, first chief of Mexico, speaking before a patriotic gathering of Mexicans in the National Capital today. The statement was telegraphed to El Paso to Andres Garcia, the Mexican consul in El Paso.
Consul Garcia, asked if this was to be construed as a "backdown" from the position taken by the Carranza government when Gen. Jacinto Trevino informed Gen. Pershing that his troops must not move out of their present locations except towards the border, said: "Further punitive expeditions might mean the further invasion of Mexico by the present Pershing expedition."

District Guardsmen March To Militia Camp at Radio Shortly After Noon Today

Formal announcement was made by Brig. Gen. William E. Harvey last night that the District Guardsmen will march to camp at Radio, Va., at 1 o'clock this afternoon.

In view of Gen. Funston's request yesterday that 65,000 Guardsmen be rushed to the border immediately, the men may be on their way to Mexico before the end of the week.

The members of the different units of the militia will meet at Twelfth street and New York avenue northwest, after assembling at their respective armories. Headed by their band, but coatless, carrying fifty-pound kits slung over their shoulders, and with trench-digging implements hanging from their belts, they will march out New York avenue to Fifteenth street, thence out Pennsylvania avenue to the Aqueduct Bridge, and thence across into Virginia.

Brig. Gen. Harvey and his staff will lead the line of march. The band will come next, followed by the twelve companies of the Third Infantry. These will march out of their armory at Third and L streets northwest at 1 o'clock sharp.

Behind the Third Infantry will come the members of the First Separate Battalion, colored militiamen, who will leave their armory at Twelfth and U streets northwest in time to fall into line at Twelfth and New York avenue at ten minutes past one.

The Separate Battalion will be followed by the militia units.

At 10 o'clock last night the medical examiners of the District National Guard closed their office in the armory at 472 L street northwest and announced that approximately 100 men had been passed during the day out of 125 applicants.

This brings the total number who have enlisted since the President's call on Sunday up to approximately 350. The medical officers stated. They explained that exact figures could not be determined for several days because of the rapidity with which the recruiting is being carried on.

Col. R. D. Simms, president of the Military Service League, a new organization composed of former members of the National Guard, Spanish War Veterans, and other military men, has offered to assume charge of a recruiting station.

A dozen or more mere boys presented themselves at the main recruiting station in the L Street armory yesterday, but their ages, which ranged from 14 to 17 years, were quickly detected by the examiners, who use the regular army tests.

"We have been particularly gratified at the high physical standard and intelligent appearance of the men who are presenting themselves for enlistment," said Maj. Charles W. Luce, in charge of the main recruiting station, last night.

Before recruiting started the Guard had approximately 1,800, exclusive of the separate battalion of 375 colored troops. The war strength of the Guard must be 2,300.

MARSHALL IS VOTED GUILTY

District Attorney Held in
Contempt of House, Bal-
lot Being 280 to 85.

MUST APPEAR BEFORE BAR OF LOWER HOUSE TO REPLY

By a vote of 280 to 85, the House yesterday adjudged District Attorney H. Snowden Marshall, of the Southern District of New York, guilty of contempt of the House of Representatives and adopted the report of its select committee directing that Mr. Marshall be summoned before the bar of the lower body to answer the charge of having violated its privileges.

Speaker Clark will issue a warrant today for service upon Mr. Marshall by the Sergeant-at-Arms of the House. The resolution adopted yesterday provides that Mr. Marshall, when arraigned at the bar of the House, shall have the privilege of making a statement in person or by counsel. If Mr. Marshall does not desire to enter a further defense, the resolution provides that "the House shall thereupon proceed to take order in the matter."

Allies Lose Three Ships.

London, June 20.—Three more ships were sunk, presumably by submarines, Lloyds announced today. The vessels destroyed were the British steamer Beachy, of 478 tons, and the Italian steamers Poviga, 2390 tons, and the Olga, 534 tons.

Veiled Prophets in Session.

Detroit, Mich., June 20.—Fifteen thousand members of the Mystic Order of Veiled Prophets of the Enchanted Realm, an auxiliary of the Masonic Order, are in convention here today.

Receiver for Madison Square.

New York, June 20.—Edward E. McGill today was appointed receiver for Madison Square Garden, as the result of litigation to close a \$2,300,000 mortgage on the property.

Three British Aers Lost.

London, June 20.—Three British aeroplanes were lost during an air raid over the Turkish camp at El Arish, fifty miles east of the Suez Canal, on Monday, the war office announced today.

JAPAN READY TO ASSIST MEXICO; BERLIN BELIEVES

Germans Think Orient Is Back-
ing Carranza in His De-
fiant Attitude.

HOPE WAR WILL COME

Teutons Believe Struggle with
Mexico Would Cut Off
Allies' Supplies.

(By the Sun News Service.)
(Copyright, 1916.)

Berlin, via Amsterdam, June 20.—All Germany awaits with eager expectation the future developments of the American-Mexican crisis.

It would be folly to conceal that nothing would be hailed with greater joy throughout the German empire than the word that war has broken out between America and Mexico.

It is taken for granted here that the minute the United States engaged in a war with Mexico, the shipments of arms and ammunition as well as of supplies to the allies, would be forthwith reduced to a considerable extent, if not stopped altogether.

In Germany it has been claimed for months, unofficially as well as officially, that if the allies were suddenly to be cut off from the American shipments of arms and ammunition, Germany would win the war in less than a quarter of a year. War with Mexico, it is argued, would compel the United States to keep its own arms and munitions, and probably would greatly reduce its whole export trade, the sole beneficiaries of which have been, throughout the war, the allies.

What Will Japan Do?

As regards the German viewpoint concerning the trouble between the United States and Mexico, the question to which the greatest significance is attached: "What will Japan do?"

For many months the belief has prevailed here, and has been voiced from time to time in responsible organs, that Japan has a guiding hand in the present defiant Mexican attitude.

When Washington dispatches recently brought excerpts from the challenging note sent by Gen. Carranza to the American State Department, it was this "fine Japanese hand" that was seen by press and public here in the astonishing policy of the Mexican de facto government, for it was argued, and is argued now, that Mexico would never have dared assuming this attitude were it not relying upon outside aid.

Such aid, it is further pointed out, could come only from one side—Japan. That country, according to the German viewpoint, could select no more appropriate moment than the present for the realization of its long fostered dream to attempt to gain the supremacy of the Pacific.

Swallows Poison On Armory Steps

Girl-Bride of 20 Heartbroken
Over Husband's En-
listment.

Heartbroken over the enlistment of her husband in the District militia, Mrs. Harriette Parrone, 20 years old and a bride of two months, visited the armory at First and B streets in an effort either to secure her husband's release, or to be allowed to accompany the militiaman as a nurse, yesterday. She failed in both. A moment later, standing on the armory steps, she swallowed poison. She was taken to Casualty Hospital, where her condition early this morning was reported serious.

Parrone was packing his equipment, preparatory to going to Camp Radio, when his wife swallowed the poison. He was notified and hurried to her side. He found her on the steps, unconscious.

The girl was already familiar with separations forced by war. She is of English birth, and as a result of the war, one of her parents is now in England and the other in France, unable to join each other.

Parrone, the young husband, says that his wife told him, on Sunday night, when The Washington Herald "extra" was issued, that she could not stand a separation from him. He had already served one term in the National Guard, and she told him if he re-enlisted for Mexican service, she would go too, as a nurse. He said he treated her attitude as a joke, until yesterday.

Upon enlisting yesterday, Parrone says his employer discharged him.

Lord Hardinge Starts Duties.

London, June 20.—Lord Hardinge today assumed his duties as under Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs. He succeeded Sir Arthur Henderson.

Vienna Cries for Peace.

Geneva, June 20.—News was received here today of fresh peace demonstrations in Vienna. The steady advance of the Russians in Galicia has caused deep depression in the Austrian capital.

500,000 MEN SOON MAY BE CALLED TO SERVICE; BORDER NEEDS MILITIA

First Regiments of National Guard Will En-
train Within 48 Hours—D. C. Troops
May Be in First Group.

FUNSTON ASKS FOR 65,000 MEN

Cabinet Backs Firm Language of Note—Mexican
Embassy Regards Document as Affront—Amer-
icans to Be Rushed from Mexico on Transport.

Three Mexican Border Towns Quickly Deserted by Residents

(By the International News Service.)

Douglas, June 20.—A special train left Agua Prieta, the Mexican town opposite here, at 8 o'clock tonight, with 2,500 passengers, which represented all the civilian inhabitants of the place.

Men, women and children hurriedly entrained with all their personal belongings upon receipt of a code telegram from Mexico City by Gen. Calles.

The destination of the train is reported to be Naocari, seventy-five miles below the border. As it pulled out cries of "Viva Carranza," "Viva Mexico," almost drowned the sound of the wheezing engines.

Nogales, Ariz., June 20.—The entire population of Mexican Nogales and Mexican Naco were sent south from the border tonight. The residents of Naco are headed for Cananea, and those of Nogales for Magdalena.

San Antonio, June 20.—In Laredo it is reported from sources in Nuevo

Laredo, regarded as reliable, that Carranza today issued a decree calling upon all males between the ages of 15 and 30 to volunteer for army service. Failure to volunteer, the decree states, will subject the individual to conscription, with death the penalty of effort to evade conscription.

The administration may soon issue a call for 500,000 volunteers. The matter is seriously under consideration. Officials here have decided that should Carranza call on all Mexicans to war on the United States, the American army would need fully a half million additional men to face the situation.

Within forty-eight hours the War Department will issue orders for the first militia regiments to entrain for the border and re-enforce Gen. Funston's army of 50,000. This decision was reached following the receipt of a telegram from Gen. Funston asking that about 65,000 men of the National Guard be sent to him as soon as they are available.

Important developments yesterday pointing to the fact that the United States and Mexico hourly are drawing nearer war, follow:

First, the United States sent to the Mexican government a war note warning Carranza of the grave consequences that will follow a resort to arms by Mexico.

CABINET WILL BACK NOTE'S TONE.

Second, the President and Cabinet reached the firm decision to back up the note with the armed strength of the nation, even to the extent of calling out a half million volunteers to supplement the regulars and militia.

Third, Ambassador Designate Arredondo suddenly canceled an engagement with Secretary of State Lansing. Mexican Embassy officials regard the war note as an intolerable affront and possibly a casus belli.

Fourth, Special Agent Rodgers informed the State Department of anti-American demonstrations in Mexico City and said he had arranged to take all Americans on special train tomorrow to Vera Cruz, where the United States transport Hancock will be awaiting to bring them to the United States.

Fifth, anticipating an immediate clash, Gen. Funston wired the War Department to send the first installment of the National Guard to the border immediately.

Secretary of War Baker will confer with President Wilson this morning on the disposition of the National Guard. It was stated by a high authority last night that the National Guard of New York, Pennsylvania, Ohio and Wisconsin, and possibly Illinois and Massachusetts will be the first to be sent to the border.

DISTRICT MILITIA NEARLY READY.

The militia of those States was selected, it is said, because of their perfect equipment and readiness for moving.

Maj. Gen. Tasker H. Bliss, chief of the mobile army division, and Brig. Gen. H. P. McCain, adjutant general, were in conference for nearly two hours last night. It is believed that they were planning orders for portions of the militia to start for the border at once.

Upon receipt of Gen. Funston's request, the War Department telegraphed department commanders to speedily upon the progress of National Guard mobilization. Responses to these telegrams showed the Massachusetts

FRANK B. KELLOGG WINS PRIMARY IN MINNESOTA

(By the Sun News Service.)
St. Paul, Minn., June 20.—Frank B. Kellogg's victory in the Republican contest for United States Senator is the outstanding result today of Minnesota's 1916 State-wide primary election. The St. Paul attorney romped into the nomination with a big lead over A. O. Eberhardt, his nearest competitor.

Other leading features of the primary were: Governor J. A. Burnquist's overwhelming victory for the Republican gubernatorial nomination; the close and uncertain three-cornered race for the Democratic nomination for governor; defeat of Representative George R. Smith, the only Minnesota Congressman to lose in the primaries, and Senator Moses E. Clapp's poor showing even in districts where he was expected to receive an endorsement for his vote on the Gore resolutions.

MILLIKEN IS CHOICE OF MAINE REPUBLICANS

(By the Sun News Service.)
Portland, Maine, June 20.—With but 100 small-voting precincts to hear from, Maine Republicans at yesterday's primaries nominated Carl E. Milliken, of Island Falls, for governor; Col. Frederick Hale, of this city, son of former Senator Eugene Hale, for the United States Senate, and Louis P. Goodall, of Sanford, for Congress.

Milliken, by 6,000 over his nearest competitor, Col. F. H. Parkhurst, of Bangor, and his nomination, shows the strong hand of the prohibition element.

Gov. O. C. Curtis, Senator Johnson, and the entire Democratic ticket, were nominated without contest.

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